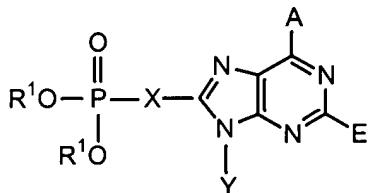
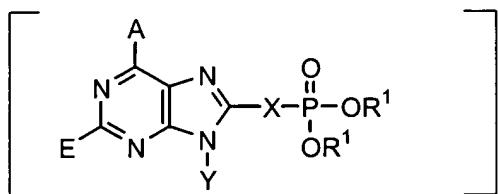


IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 2-33, 40 and 43 were cancelled without prejudice.

Claims 1, 34-37, 39, and 42 were amended as follows with the noted changes:

1. (Amended) A compound of formula 1:



wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, [halogen] halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

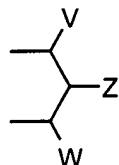
E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X [is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including] selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, -C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -C(O)-OR<sup>3</sup>, -CONHR<sup>3</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, and -OR<sup>3</sup>, all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-aryl,

[alkylaryl] -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2OC(O)NR^2_2$ ,  $-NR^2-C(O)-R^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2-OC(O)R^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2-O-C(O)OR^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2OC(O)SR^3$ , [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are



wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C≡CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

$R^5$  is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

$R^6$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

$R^7$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and  $-C(O)R^{10}$ ;

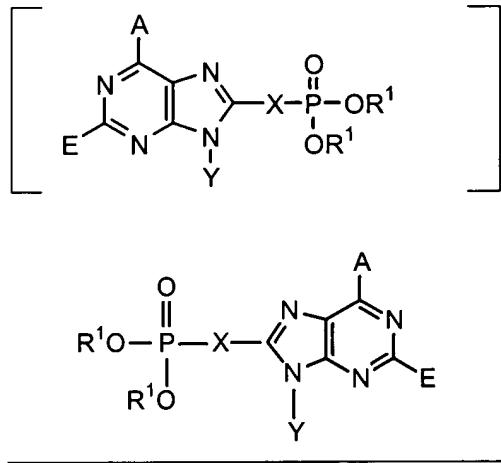
$R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic,  $-C(O)R^{10}$ , or together [they] said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

$R^9$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

$R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl,  $-NH_2$ , lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

$R^{11}$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl,  $-OH$ ,  $-NH_2$  and  $-OR^3$ ; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

34. (Amended) A method of treating an animal for diabetes mellitus, comprising administering to said animal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (1):



wherein

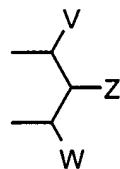
A is selected from the group consisting of  $-NR^8_2$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^3$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ , [halogen] halo, lower alkyl,  $-CON(R^4)_2$ , [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and  $-NR^7_2$ ;

X [is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including] selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $-C(O)R^3$ ,  $-S(O)_2R^3$ ,  $-C(O)-OR^3$ ,  $-CONHR^3$ ,  $-NR^2_2$ , and  $-OR^3$ , all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

$R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2$ -aryl, [alkylaryl] -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2OC(O)NR^2_2$ ,  $-NR^2-C(O)-R^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2-OC(O)R^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2-O-C(O)OR^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2OC(O)SR^3$ , [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are



wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and  $-R^9$ ; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy,

alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C≡CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

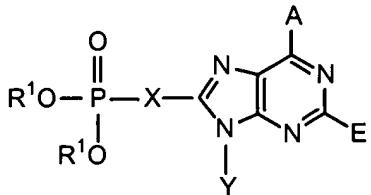
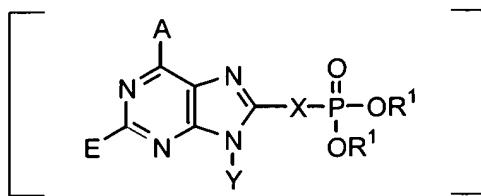
R<sup>8</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>, or together [they] said R<sup>8</sup> groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

35. (Amended) A method of lowering blood glucose levels in an animal in need thereof, comprising administering to said animal a pharmaceutically acceptable amount of a compound of formula (1):



wherein

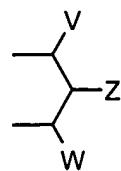
A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, [halogen] halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including] selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, -C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -C(O)-OR<sup>3</sup>, -CONHR<sup>3</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, and -OR<sup>3</sup>, all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-aryl, [alkylaryl] -alk-aryl, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>2</sup>-C(O)-R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-O-C(O)OR<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are



wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C≡CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

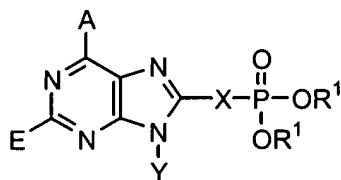
$R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic,  $-C(O)R^{10}$ , or together [they] said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

$R^9$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

$R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl,  $-NH_2$ , lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

$R^{11}$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl,  $-OH$ ,  $-NH_2$  and  $-OR^3$ ; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

36. A method of inhibiting FBPase at the AMP site in patients in need thereof, comprising administering to said patients an FBPase inhibitory amount of a compound of formula (1):



wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of  $-NR^8_2$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^3$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ , [halogen] halo, lower alkyl,  $-CON(R^4)_2$ , [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

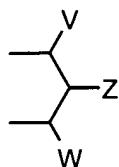
E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and  $-NR^7_2$ ;

X [is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including] selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl,  $-C(O)R^3$ ,  $-S(O)_2R^3$ ,  $-C(O)-OR^3$ ,  $-CONHR^3$ ,  $-NR^2_2$ , and  $-OR^3$ ,

all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

$R^1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate,  $-C(R^2)_2\text{-aryl}$ , [alkylaryl] -alk-aryl,  $-C(R^2)_2\text{OC(O)NR}^2_2$ ,  $-\text{NR}^2\text{-C(O)-R}^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2\text{-OC(O)R}^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2\text{-O-C(O)OR}^3$ ,  $-C(R^2)_2\text{OC(O)SR}^3$ , [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are



wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and  $-R^9$ ; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OCOR}^3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OC(O)SR}^3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{OCO}_2\text{R}^3$ ,  $-\text{SR}^3$ ,  $-\text{S(O)R}^3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{N}_3$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{NR}^2_2$ ,  $-\text{CH}_2\text{Ar}$ ,  $-\text{CH(Ar)OH}$ ,  $-\text{CH(CH=CR}^2\text{R}^2\text{)OH}$ ,  $-\text{CH(C}\equiv\text{CR}^2\text{)OH}$ , and  $-R^2$ ;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of V and W is not -H or  $-R^9$ ;

$R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of  $R^3$  and -H;

$R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

$R^4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

$R^5$  is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

$R^6$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

$R^7$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and  $-C(O)R^{10}$ ;

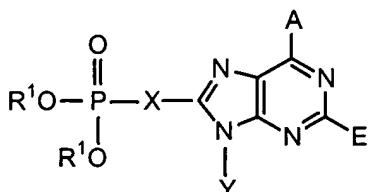
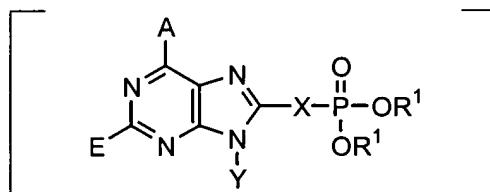
$R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic,  $-C(O)R^{10}$ , or together [they] said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

$R^9$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

$R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl,  $-NH_2$ , lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

$R^{11}$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl,  $-OH$ ,  $-NH_2$  and  $-OR^3$ ; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

37. (Amended) A method of inhibiting gluconeogenesis in animal in need thereof, comprising administering to said animal an effective amount of a compound of formula (1):



wherein

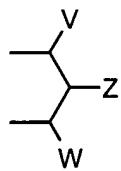
A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, [halogen] halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X [is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, -C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -C(O)-OR<sup>3</sup>, -CONHR<sup>3</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, and -OR<sup>3</sup>, all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-aryl, [alkylaryl] -alk-aryl, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>2</sup>-C(O)-R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-O-C(O)OR<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are



wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy,

acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxycarboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C≡CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

- a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and
- b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

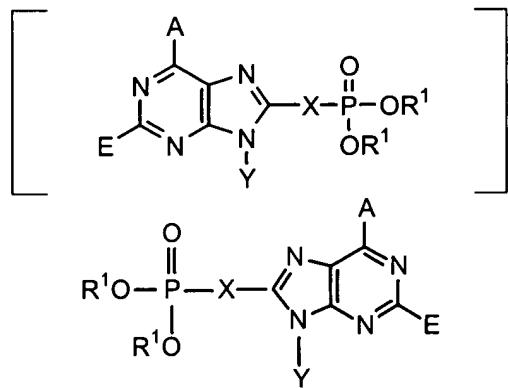
R<sup>8</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>, or together [they] said R<sup>8</sup> groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

39. (Amended) A method of treating an animal for a disease derived from abnormally elevated insulin levels, comprising administering to said animal a therapeutically effective amount of a fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase inhibitor wherein said inhibitor is a compound of formula (1):



wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of -NR<sup>8</sup>, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -OR<sup>5</sup>, -SR<sup>5</sup>, [halogen] halo, lower alkyl, -CON(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

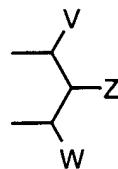
E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and -NR<sup>7</sup><sub>2</sub>;

X is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl, aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, -C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -C(O)-OR<sup>3</sup>, -CONHR<sup>3</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, and -OR<sup>3</sup>, all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-aryl, [alkylaryl] -alk-aryl, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -NR<sup>2</sup>-C(O)-R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-O-C(O)OR<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R<sup>1</sup> and

$R^1$  are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is an independently selected alkylene, or together  $R^1$  and  $R^1$  are



wherein

$V$  and  $W$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and  $-R^9$ ; or

together  $V$  and  $Z$  are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together  $V$  and  $W$  are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy carboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

$Z$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-CH_2OH$ ,  $-CH_2OCOR^3$ ,  $-CH_2OC(O)SR^3$ ,  $-CH_2OCO_2R^3$ ,  $-SR^3$ ,  $-S(O)R^3$ ,  $-CH_2N_3$ ,  $-CH_2NR^2_2$ ,  $-CH_2Ar$ ,  $-CH(Ar)OH$ ,  $-CH(CH=CR^2R^2)OH$ ,  $-CH(C\equiv CR^2)OH$ , and  $-R^2$ ;

with the provisos that:

a)  $V$ ,  $Z$ ,  $W$  are not all  $-H$ ; and

b) when  $Z$  is  $-R^2$ , then at least one of  $V$  and  $W$  is not  $-H$  or  $-R^9$ ;

$R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of  $R^3$  and  $-H$ ;

$R^3$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

$R^4$  is independently selected from the group consisting of  $-H$ , lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

$R^5$  is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

$R^6$  is independently selected from the group consisting of  $-H$ , and lower alkyl;

$R^7$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and  $-C(O)R^{10}$ ;

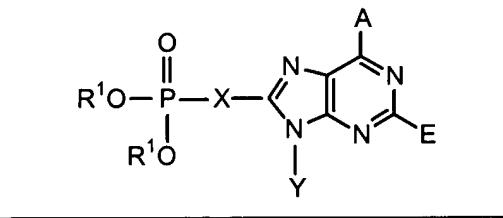
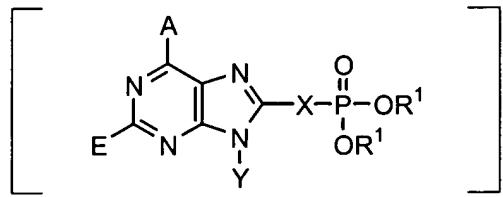
$R^8$  is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic,  $-C(O)R^{10}$ , or together [they] said  $R^8$  groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

$R^9$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

$R^{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl,  $-NH_2$ , lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

$R^{11}$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl,  $-OH$ ,  $-NH_2$  and  $-OR^3$ ; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.

42. (Amended) A method of treating an animal with excess glycogen storage disease, comprising administering to said animal in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a fructose-1,6-bisphosphatase inhibitor, wherein said inhibitor is a compound of formula (1):



wherein

A is selected from the group consisting of  $-NR^8_2$ ,  $-NHSO_2R^3$ ,  $-OR^5$ ,  $-SR^5$ , [halogen] halo, lower alkyl,  $-CON(R^4)_2$ , [guanidine, amidine,] guanidino, amidino, -H, and perhaloalkyl;

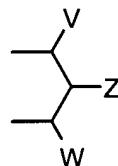
E is selected from the group consisting of -H, [halogen] halo, lower alkylthio, lower perhaloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkynyl, lower alkoxy, -CN, and  $-NR^7_2$ ;

X [is selected from the group consisting of alkylamino, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkyl(carboxyl), alkyl(hydroxy), alkyl(phosphonate), alkyl(sulfonate), aryl, alkylaminoalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, alkylthioalkyl, alkylthio, alicyclic, 1,1-dihaloalkyl, carbonylalkyl,

aminocarbonylamino, alkylaminocarbonyl, alkylcarbonylamino, aralkyl, and alkylaryl, all optionally substituted; or] together with Y forms a cyclic group [including] selected from the group of cyclic alkyl, heterocyclic, and aryl;

[Y is selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, alkoxyalkyl, -C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -C(O)-OR<sup>3</sup>, -CONHR<sup>3</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup>, and -OR<sup>3</sup>, all except H are optionally substituted; or together with X forms a cyclic group including aryl, cyclic alkyl, and heterocyclic;]

R<sup>1</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, aryl, [alicyclic] heteroalicyclic where the cyclic moiety contains a carbonate or thiocarbonate, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-aryl, [alkylaryl] -alk-aryl, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)NR<sup>2</sup>, -NR<sup>2</sup>-C(O)-R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-OC(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-O-C(O)OR<sup>3</sup>, -C(R<sup>2</sup>)<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>] -alk-S-C(O)R<sup>3</sup>, [alkyl-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-alkylhydroxy, and [alkyl-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy] -alk-S-S-S-alkylhydroxy, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are [-alkyl-S-S-alkyl-] -alk-S-S-alk- to form a cyclic group, wherein each "alk" is independently selected alkylene, or together R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>1</sup> are



wherein

V and W are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, substituted aryl, heteroaryl, substituted heteroaryl, 1-alkenyl, 1-alkynyl, and -R<sup>9</sup>; or

together V and Z are connected via a chain of 3-5 atoms, [optionally 1 heteroatom] only one of which can be a heteroatom, to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy, alkoxycarboxy, or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus; or

together V and W are connected via a chain of [to form a cyclic group containing] 3 carbon atoms to form part of a cyclic group substituted with hydroxy, acyloxy, alkoxy, alkoxycarboxy, alkylthiocarboxy, hydroxymethyl, [and] or aryloxycarboxy attached to a carbon atom that is three atoms from an oxygen attached to the phosphorus;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OC(O)SR<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>3</sup>, -SR<sup>3</sup>, -S(O)R<sup>3</sup>, -CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>2</sup><sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ar, -CH(Ar)OH, -CH(CH=CR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>2</sup>)OH, -CH(C≡CR<sup>2</sup>)OH, and -R<sup>2</sup>;

with the provisos that:

a) V, Z, W are not all -H; and

b) when Z is -R<sup>2</sup>, then at least one of V and W is not -H or -R<sup>9</sup>;

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of R<sup>3</sup> and -H;

R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, heteroalicyclic, and aralkyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, and lower aryl;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower aryl, lower aralkyl, lower heteroalicyclic, and lower alicyclic;

R<sup>6</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, and lower alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower alicyclic, lower heteroalicyclic, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, and -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, lower aralkyl, lower aryl, lower alicyclic, -C(O)R<sup>10</sup>, or together [they] said R<sup>8</sup> groups form a bidendate [alkyl] alkylene;

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aralkyl, heteroalicyclic, and alicyclic;

R<sup>10</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -H, lower alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, lower aryl, and lower perhaloalkyl;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, aryl, -OH, -NH<sub>2</sub> and -OR<sup>3</sup>; and pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs and salts thereof.